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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CO	MPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product name	: CNHi Premium Hydraulic Oil HV4	6 Multi-Grade Anti-Wear
Product code	: 00115581	
Manufacturer or supplier's	details	
Supplier	: Shell Markets (Middle East) Limite Level 3, The Offices 4, One Centr Dubai World Trade Center P.O.BOX307 Dubai United Arab Emirates	
Telephone	: (+971) 800035704494	
Telefax	: (+971) 43321591	
Emergency telephone number	: 1800 651 818 (AUSTRALIA).	
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about please email lubricantSDS@she	
Recommended use of the c	hemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Hydraulic oil	

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

: No Hazard Symbol required
: No signal word
<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
: Prevention:
No precautionary phrases.
Response: No precautionary phrases.

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**Storage:** No precautionary phrases.

**Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	: Mixture
Chemical nature	<ul> <li>Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains &lt;3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content &lt; 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4,</li> </ul>

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
Triazole derivative	91273-04-0	Skin Corr.1B; H314 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Aquatic Acute2; H401	0.01 - 0.09

64741-89-5.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled

: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

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	If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area wit water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	h
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of produ under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do no for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of appare wounds.	, the ot wait
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Cont rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>	inue
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quant are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	tities
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include for of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed area Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoe	as.
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain an tissue damage a few hours following injection.	nd
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearin appropriate personal protective equipment according to incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tis damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical explora- determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because th can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. F surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation or foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.	tion to Local hey Prompt

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

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Version 1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Revision Date 14.10.2022 Do not use water in a jet.	Print Date 08.03.2023
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may i A complex mixture of airborne solid an gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if in occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic com	d liquid particulates and complete combustion
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are a circumstances and the surrounding en	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resista large contact with spilled product is exp Breathing Apparatus must be worn who a confined space. Select fire fighter's c relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN4	ant suit is indicated if bected. Self-Contained en approaching a fire in lothing approved to
Hazchem Code	:	NONE	

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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General Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if the vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data seasessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe hand this material.</li> </ul>	sheet as input to a risk ses to help determine
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated cor Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mis When handling product in drums worn and proper handling equipr Properly dispose of any contami materials in order to prevent fires	sts. s, safety footwear should be ment should be used. nated rags or cleaning
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding p during all bulk transfer operation	
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closab	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers steel or high density polyethylen Unsuitable material: PVC.	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should remperatures because of possib	

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

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	(Inhalable	
	particulate	
	matter)	

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.</li> <li>Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>General Information:</li> <li>Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.</li> <li>Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.</li> <li>Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.</li> <li>Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard</li> </ul>

sion 1.2	Revision Date 14.10.2022         Print Date 08.03.2           contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned           Practice good housekeeping.
Personal protective equip	ment
Protective measures	
Personal protective equipm PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect work health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.</li> <li>Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point &gt;65 (149°F)].</li> </ul>
Hand protection Remarks	<ul> <li>Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374 US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubbe gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective had care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended</li> <li>For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for &gt; 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. F short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection.</li> </ul>
	may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eye

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		protective eyewear is recommende	20.
Skin and body protection	:	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.	
Thermal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Environmental exposure cor	ntro	bis	
General advice	:	Take appropriate measures to fulfil relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Section 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial b before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	egislation. Avoid by following advice given ir ndissolved material from Vaste water should be waste water treatment plan for volatile substances
CTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	EMI	CAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance	:	liquid	
Colour	:	clear	
Odour	:	Data not available	
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available	
рН	:	Not applicable	
pour point	:	-36 °C / -33 °F Method: ISO 3016	
Melting / freezing point		Data not available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s	3)
Flash point	:	220 °C / 428 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable	
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as flammable but will	l burn.
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	

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Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: >5	
Relative density	: 0.856 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 856 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar p	products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	ł
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	e a static accumulator.
Particle size	: Data not available	

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	

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Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and ap	pplied as directed.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 rat: &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	<ul> <li>LD50 Rabbit: &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> </ul>

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

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#### Triazole derivative:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

#### **Chronic toxicity**

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

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Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

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(Chronic toxicity)	are not met.
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Components:</u> Triazole derivative :	
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)	: 1 : 1
Persistence and degradability	
Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment., Persistent per IMO criteria., International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distils at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."
Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
Mobility in soil	
Product:	
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>
Other adverse effects	
no data available <u>Product:</u>	
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential., Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic</li> </ul>

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	organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSI	DERATIONS	
Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste toxicity and physical properties of determine the proper waste classif methods in compliance with applic Waste product should not be allow ground water, or be disposed of in Do not dispose into the environme courses</li> <li>Do not dispose of tank water botto drain into the ground. This will respond contamination.</li> <li>Waste arising from a spillage or tan disposed of in accordance with pre- preferably to a recognised collector competence of the collector or cor- established beforehand.</li> </ul>	the material generated to fication and disposal cable regulations. ved to contaminate soil or to the environment. ent, in drains or in water oms by allowing them to ult in soil and groundwater ank cleaning should be evailing regulations, or or contractor. The
	MARPOL - see International Conv Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73 technical aspects at controlling po	/78) which provides
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevai to a recognized collector or contra the collector or contractor should b Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	ctor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

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#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons No poison schedule number allocated

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2020 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 7.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011). Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
AIIC	:	Listed introduction

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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H401	Toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard			
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard			
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion			
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation			

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods: TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Date of preparation or review : 14.10.2022

#### **Further information**

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

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Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	<ul> <li>The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).</li> </ul>	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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